DUNGENESS BEACON.

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OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

Chinese Highbinder Murders a Boy in Los Angeles.

HORSE THIEVES KILLED IN IDAHO.

German Shoemaker Breaks a Pitcher to Pieces and Cuts His Throat With the Fragments.

Sacramento has voted $100,000 in bonds for levee improvements.

During the year 1891 there were 2,110 marriages and 458 divorces in Oregon.

The City and Citizens' Water Companies at Los Angeles have combined.

The Star group of mines at Hailey, Idaho, have been sold to Salt Lake capitalists.

The grain warehouse of the Pacific Milling Company at Tucson, A. T., has been destroyed by fire.

A mountain of carbonate of zinc has been discovered near Hillsboro, N. M., the ore of which is worth about $35 per ton.

Silver salmon are now very plentiful at Yaquina Bay, Or., and are being caught with trolling lines in great numbers.

Dick Horn, alias "Fox," shot Joe Lynch in the stomach at Wellington, Nev. The trouble was over a game of cards.

The captain of the clipper sealer Agnes MacDonald at Victoria, B. C., has issued a challenge for a race to the Sandwich Islands and back for $3,000.

Sontag and Evans are believed to have located near Watts Valley, fifteen miles north of Sampson Flat, where provisions for the winter have been sent into them.

Professor Barnard at the Lick Observatory has discovered by the aid of photography a faint comet. This is the first discovery of a comet by this means.

The Supreme Court of Idaho has unanimously sustained the constitutionality of the State test oath law. This will prevent the Mormons from voting this year.

Mill owners in Washington and Oregon, outside of Portland, are organizing for mutual benefit and protection. They claim they are making flour without a profit.

Chung Yung, the supposed murderer of the Spanish boy, Fernando Quijada, at Los Angeles, whose body was found in a cesspool, has been captured and placed in prison.

A. Ruiz, a Mexican rancher at San Diego, attempted to get possession of his wife's property by swearing that she was insane, but he landed in jail on a charge of perjury.

The advance guard of Chief Engineer Kennedy's corps has arrived at Palermo, Cal., and will at once commence the preliminary survey for the San Francisco and Great Salt Lake railroad.

About twenty shippers of Seattle have organized a transportation bureau to protect each other against unjust discrimination by transportation companies and for the protection and development of the shipping interests of the city.

On opening the schoolhouse of the Gallagher district, in Mason Valley, Nev., after the summer vacation it was discovered the bees had taken possession of the children's desks, and about 300 pounds of honey were taken from them.

It is stated at Boise City, Idaho, that a posse of citizens exterminated a band of eight horse thieves in August in Idaho county, the particulars of which are just becoming known. After the men were shot, their bodies were hanged and left for the buzzards to feast upon.

The 400 Indians on the Grande Ronde reservation originally represented the following tribes: Umpquas, Callapooias, Oregon City, Molallas, Rogue Rivers, Cow Creeks, Shastas, Klickitats, Tualatins and a few Columbia Rivers, but there is now no distinct tribe, owing to intermarriage. Several Indians claim to be centenarians. The agency is well conducted, and Agent Lamson is a great favorite with his wards.

Charles F. Blum at Albuquerque, N. M., while suffering from fever got up from bed and, taking a razor from his trunk, cut his throat, severing the jugular vein, and then cut a horrible gash across the abdomen. He next got a pistol from his trunk, and shot himself three times, twice in the mouth and once in the razor wound in his neck.

N. H. Dodson, a well-known attorney of San Diego, has been horsewhipped by Jennie Page, a young lady. Miss Page is a niece of Dodson, and took this method of resenting the insulting remarks she claims were made by him concerning her. The horsewhipping took place in front of the *Vidette* office, where Miss Page is employed as a compositor. A large crowd witnessed the scene, but no one interfered until the police arrived. Dodson bears marks of a severe whipping.

A German shoemaker named Rudolph Manz at Phœnix, A. T., during the night broke a pitcher to pieces, and with the jagged fragments cut his throat. With the blood flowing from him in streams he walked through the hall to the porch, and deliberately precipitated himself to the ground, sixteen feet below. In spite of the added injuries from striking a stump the man must have been still conscious and intent on self-destruction, for he reeled off to a ditch, where he was found, in which he seems to have intentionally thrust and kept his head until unconscious or dead.

PURELY PERSONAL.

The Most Prominent Candidate for the Position of Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

Prof. W. G. Sumner of Yale, the well-known political economist, will not return to New Haven this fall, as he first intended, but will remain in Europe until midwinter.

One of Boston's clubs, the Wintergreen, is composed of women all confessedly over 30. Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, who would doubtless own up to a decade or two more, is one of its leading spirits.

Robert M. McLane, ex-Minister to France under President Cleveland, who went abroad early in the summer in feeble health caused by an attack of pneumonia, has returned to Baltimore entirely recovered.

Col. Eli Lilly, President of the Commercial Club of Indianapolis, has consented to act as Chairmain of the General Committee to prepare for the national encampment of the G. A. R., which meets in that city in 1893.

The oldest living American actresses are Clara Fisher Maeder, born in 1811, and Mrs. John Drew, who is seven years younger. Mrs. Drew appeared on the stage a babe of 9 months, and has acted ever since. Mrs. Maeder was on the stage from 1817 to 1889, and then went into retirement.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the most prominent candidate for the poet laureate of Great Britain, was born in London April 5, 1837. He is an acknowledged master of English rhythm; but the fact that his fame is largely based on the boldness with which he has trodden on forbidden ground may stand in the way of his selection for the position.

Max O'Rell, who is lecturing in Australia, announces his intention of returning home and "settling down" for life after this last trip. Asked whether by "home" he meant Paris, he replied in the negative. "In Paris everything is changed. We go there every year to look around, but when one has formed a circle of literary, social and artistic friends, as I have in London—well, that is home."

While Prof. Huxley was staying at a seaside resort in North Wales he was approached by a Liverpool evangelist, who thrust a tract into his hand with the inquiry, "Have you got your soul saved?" "I have sufficient respect for genuine religion to be revolted by blasphemous impertinences," said the scientist in relating the anecdote afterward. "So I answered somewhat sternly, 'That is my business,'" and tore up the tract."

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

Total Membership at Yale University This Year—Number of Schoolhouses in the United States.

About 175 new students are registered at Vassar College this year.

The golden rod has been adopted as the flower of the Chicago University.

Of the students graduated at Yale University since 1701, 7,526 are dead and 7,820 living.

During the last year Harvard University has received in gifts and bequests over $500,000.

The Constitution of Louisiana permits women to hold any office connected with public education.

One hundred and two girls were enrolled at the opening of the Allentown Female College, Pa.

Baltimore proposes to open a school of pedagogy, with a principal drawing a salary of $3,500 at its head.

Thirty young women students have entered Yale this fall. The Yale males are said to be in quite a stew about it.

It is expected that 1,000 students will attend the new Chicago University this term, fully one-third of them being women.

The enrollment this year at the University of Illinois at Champaign is 623, compared with 498 on the opening day last year.

England with ninety-four universities has 2,723 more professors and 51,814 more students than the 360 universities of the United States.

New York city is to introduce the kindergarten as a part of the public-school system. The appropriation for the first year is $50,000.

The name of Rutherford B. Hayes stands at the head of the Chautauqua class roll for 1896. General Hayes enters on the four years' course at the age of 70 years.

Prussian education is more thorough than that of any other country. Every child is in school from 5 to 14 years of age. Parents must obey the law, pay a fine or go to prison.

An electrical laboratory that shall have no equal in the college world is what Lehigh University proposes to build. It will be 240 feet long by sixty feet wide, and will be four stories high, with a basement, and will cost $200,000.

The total membership at Yale University this year will be about 1,900. Last year it was 1,784. The faculty list numbers over 150. The increase in the academic freshmen class has necessitated its separation into ten divisions, instead of six as heretofore.

Three hundred and fifty-two thousand two hundred and thirty-one teachers are employed in the public schools of the United States. This would give an average of nearly thirty five pupils to each teacher. Deducting for County and City Superintendents, say 50,000, would give an average of forty pupils for each teacher. Of these teachers 227,200 are females, and 125,000 are males. The average wages are for males $42.43; for females, $34.27 per month.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

Large Amount of Gold Consumed in Filling Teeth.

SCRANTON ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Board of Directors of the Union Theological Seminary Vote to Stand by Dr. Briggs.

The Virginia peanut crop is small.

The census of Oklahoma Territory shows a population of 133,100.

There has been a big registration all through the State of New York.

Atlantic City has voted to purchase the present water works there for $200,000.

Indian Commissioner Morgan favors compulsory education among the Indians.

General Miles is worried about the restlessness of the Indians in his department.

There is to be a determined fight to make Massachusetts railroads provide mileage tickets.

New Jersey has begun proceedings against several railroads that have entered the coal combine.

The Treasury Department has shipped $10,000,000 in small notes South and West to aid in moving crops.

Chow Tai and Hip Lung, Chicago Chinese merchants, are in the East looking after the contest of the registry law.

A large extent of territory in the Nueces country in Texas has been submerged by the severest rains ever known in that section.

Francis H. Hewitt, City Weigher at the New York custom-house, is charged with bribing his assistant to make false returns on sugar.

Omaha, Neb., is flooded with counterfeit silver dollars dated 1892 and bearing the New Orleans mint mark. The coins are light and greasy.

The total Presidential vote in 1884 was 10,048,461, and in 1888, 11,38,038. It is estimated that this year the vote will go as high as 14,000,000.

A certificate of organization has been filed at Trenton, N. J., incorporating the Melbourne Rubber Company, with a capital of $15,000,000.

Millions of grasshoppers have made their appearance in Western Missouri, and the wheat crop threatens to be a total failure in consequence.

The assessed valuation of Dallas, Tex., has fallen off nearly $4,000,000 in one year. Dallas is one of the many overboomed towns of the South.

A big deal has just been consummated in which the Pennsylvania Southwest system has absorbed the Terre Haute and Peoria road and its branches.

A record is kept at Ellis Island of all the Jewish immigrants who arrive at the port of New York. Since August last this record has not been large.

The Postmaster-General has signed mail contracts with the International Navigation Company, the terms of which require the construction of five new ships.

Never before in the history of Chicago with one exception was building so active as this year. The exception was in the twelve months succeeding the great fire.

Oral arguments in the Indiana apportionment case have been postponed until November 17. This decision removes the case as a factor in the coming election.

The President's proclamation opening the Crow reservation to settlement is causing a brisk rush. The land can easily be made very productive by irrigation.

The Michigan insane asylym is so badly crowded that it has been found necessary to refuse to admit any more patients. Every hall and room is crowded with cots.

Ho Chen Shing, the interpreter of the Chinese Minister at Washington, is in disgrace. He has been selling information, and will be summarily dismissed from his position.

The surface of the ground over the Central mine at Scranton, Pa., has begun to sink, and the $100,000 Roman Catholic Church of St. Patrick is in danger of being engulfed.

The University of Notre Dame, Ind., has just celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its establishment. The founder, Rev. Edward Soran, still hale and hearty, though 80 years old, participated in the ceremonies.

The increase in silk manufacture since 1880 in the United States is 112.77 per cent. in value of its products. The cotton manufacture ranks second, being 29.51 per cent., and the wool manufacture third, being 26.39 per cent.

In a fight at Wyandotte, Mich., between the Salvationists and a party of toughs Carrie Lowe, one of the Salvation Army Lieutenants, was fatally injured and three others of the army injured. Two bystanders were hit.

A New York dentist says that the filling of teeth with gold has grown to such proportions that about $4,000,000 of gold is consumed in this way every year, and that this consumption should enter into all calculations as to the supply of the precious metal.

Almost every operator and station agent on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe system has struck. The company had refused to comply with the demand for $60 as the monthly minimum pay instead of $50, with twelve hours constituting a day's work.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

A Statement From the General Manager of the Baltimore and Ohio—The Board of Ordnance.

The Mexican government has decided to send delegates to the International Monetary Conference at Brussels.

A statement has been received at the War Department from General Manager Odell of the Baltimore and Ohio railway, which shows that in case of an invasion of the United States four trunk lines leading to New York from the west could land 350,000 troops within thirty hours, with horses and all necessary equipment, and at the same time move enough commercial supplies to meet the current needs of the country.

The chief of the revenue marine service in his annual report enumerates the services rendered by the revenue cutters Corwin, Rush and Bear and Fish Commission steamer Albatross, temporarily detached, in patroling Behring Sea and inforcing the *modus vivendi*. To September 30 the Bear had cruised more than 10,000 miles in Alaskan waters, and with the United States steamer Adams will remain as a guard in the vicinity of the seal islands until December 1 next. The entire revenue marine service has cost during the yearly $1,000,000.

The Board of Ordnance, which has had the duty of adjusting the smaller caliber rifle sights and other details of the new magazine gun for the army, has handed in an interesting report. The new weapen, which is a modification of the Krug-Jorgensen gun, will be made at Springfield, Mass., at the national armory for the army and marine corps. The navy will also change its rifle to correspond. It is hoped to have some of the new weapons ready by January 1. The caliber of the army rifle will be reduced to thirty, the weight of the bullet will be 220 grains, and the charge will be from thirty-six to forty grains of smokeless powder, or such less weight as will give the above bullet a muzzle velocity of about 2,000 feet per second.

Domestic violence in some States has rendered necessary the use of military in support of the civil authorities, says General Schofield in his report. Idaho's military organization had not reached the strength necessary to cope with a formidable insurrection involving destruction of life and property, as in the Cœur d'Alene mining region. Wyoming also had to employ national troops to prevent a conflict between armed parties of citizens. Other special services rendered by troops in various parts of the country are involving much labor, exposure and hardship. Regarding small arms and field artillery he says when troops are furnished with magazine small arms they will be as well equipped as any troops in the world, and urged that no time be lost in supplying such arms. The General speaks in approving terms of the beginning made in fortifying our coasts, and recommends an artillery reserve and other matters.

A dispatch reciting the troubles experienced by American merchants on the Gilbert Islands was shown to Secretary Foster the other day. The United States commercial agent in the islands has made no such representations to the Department of State. The Secretary says that early in the present year the department received a communication from King Tebu Reino of the Gilbert Islands praying that the United States establish a protectorate over them. The department did not act upon the application for the reason that it was the established policy of the United States to decline to extend its protection by such means. Certain aspects of the case resembled the Samoan controversy, and, although the Department of State felt obliged to decline the request for a protectorate, it may be assumed that all legitimate American interests in the islands will be fully protected.

THE CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

Marshal Field Invests a Large Amount of Money in World's Fair Bonds—Other Items of Interest.

A hotel that will cover ten acres and have 6,124 rooms is to be built near the World's Fair.

The last of the $300,000 appropriated by California for the World's Fair exhibit has been drawn from the Treasury.

Marshal Field has subscribed for $500,000 of World's Fair bonds. The Chicago banks have taken $1,500,000 worth, and the entire $4,000,000 has been disposed of.

The World's Fair buildings are probably the best-watched structures in the United States. There are 300 men on duty there continuously, day and night, under the command of Colonel Rice, an army officer, who has two other army officers under him.

Companies C and G and Troop B of the First Regiment, N. G. W., have been drilling of late to prepare themselves for the Washington encampment at the World's Fair in Chicago. The start will be made in August next year. Captains I. M. Howell, C. W. Billings and J. M. Ashton are very anxious to carry away the honors for the State at the fair, and are leaving nothing undone to accomplish their aim.

The Louisville *Times*, in view of the complications as to the World's Fair appropriation and the fact that the hostile attitude of the Chicago press forced Congressman Breckinridge to give up his position as orator of the day at the dedication ceremonies, suggests that Kentucky make no exhibit at the World's Fair, and also calls on Kentucky members of the National Commission to resign as a protest.

FOREIGN CABLEGRAMS

Disgust in Germany and Austria Over the Military Ride.

OLIVE CROP IN SPAIN DAMAGED.

The Revised Edition of the Koran in Turkey—Socialists to Hold a Big Demonstration.

A crisis is pending in Germany over the military bill.

The Vienna Musical Exhibition has closed with a deficit of $50,000.

The London *Times* has an article predicting a return of the cholera in the spring.

Hamburg is to have new sanitary laws and regulations, due to the visitation of cholera.

Some titled English women are to start a movement for the salvation of the barmaids' souls.

The olive crop in Spain has been much damaged this year by the great heat and severe storms.

The Sultan of Turkey has just issued a revised edition of the Koran adapted to his own views.

Queen Victoria has advised the Duke of Cumberland to release his claim to the Brunswick succession.

The first merchant steamer ever built in Spain was recently launched at Cadiz. It is called the Joaquin Pielago.

The Aaron Meyer Bank at Backeburg, Lippe, founded 107 years ago, has failed with liabilities of 1,500,000 marks.

Only citizens who are able to read and write have the power to vote in Bolivia and several other South American Republics.

The Socialists propose to hold a grand demonstration in Trafalgar Square, London, November 13 in spite of all prohibition by the government.

Emin Pasha is now perfectly destitute according to the latest news. He is living with an Arab at Tabora, and cannot leave until he receives help.

While new cases of cholera are still occurring in a number of European cities, the epidemic is not considered to be any longer of a grave nature.

The sole act of Tennyson's legislative career was to vote for ballot reform. But he did better than make the laws for his people. He made their songs.

Thirty miles of underground electric railway, similar to the City and South London line, have been proposed for Berlin at an estimated cost of $10,000,000.

The King of the Belgians is said to have granted a concession to an influential English company to grow tobacco in the Congo and to trade in that article.

Reviving an old project, a French company proposes that lightships connected by telegraph be stationed at intervals of 200 miles across the Atlantic.

A French company has been formed to work the beds of lignite recently discovered on the Strait of Magellan. There are two seams, only the upper one being workable.

The German Minister of Education has sent to the Geographical Society of Berlin copies of two letters written by Columbus, which were found recently in an old convent in Guatemala.

The German Emperor's money matters have steadily grown harassing. He is said to be so deeply involved with money lenders that the court officials have difficulty in getting their salaries.

French statisticians have elicited the fact that of 1,000 children born of women working in factories 195 die before attaining 5 years of age, while of 1,000 born of women working at home only 152 die.

Notwithstanding that every year from 5,000 to 6,000 ships go up and down the river Seine, carrying 2,500,000 tons of goods, the English Consul at Rouen says there is no map of this important French stream in existence.

There is an open rupture between President Pena and General Roca in Argentine, and the dissatisfaction among the higher army officers is much increased, owing to the elevation of General Mitre to the chief command of the army.

The enthusiasm over the military ride between Vienna and Berlin has given way to a feeling of moral disgust in Germany and Austria. About half the horses used are dead, and those that survived the cruel treatment are disabled.

At Montevideo a law has been passed providing for the coinage of $3,000,000 of silver. It is feared that this exceeds the needs of the country and may derange business affairs. There is little probability that a French loan will be perfected.

Gold has been found near Frankenberg, Hesse, Prussia, and it has been resolved to make experiments with a view of working the old gold mines in the vicinity, if metal can be found in paying quantities. These mines were in operation 1,000 years ago.

The Greek Minister and all other Greek diplomates and Consuls are recalled from Roumania because of the Roumanian government's seizures of the enormous fortune left by a Greek merchant for the promotion of husbandry and manufacture in Greece.

Hamburg is almost herself again. The refugees have returned, the streets are once more alive with traffic, and the theaters and schools are reopened. The great Death has left terrible suffering as well as grief in his track, but Hamburg is one of the wealthiest towns in the world.

TRAPPING MUSKRATS.

How the Fur Hunters in the Maryland Marshes Secure Their Prey.

A visit to a muskratting village, as the scattering cabins of the trappers along the borders of Fishing bay, Maryland, are called, will be a revelation to the stranger. The cabins are rude and have barely a habitable appearance. The occupants are squatters, and the materials of which their cabins are built have been appropriated from the nearest tract of timber land. The trappers and their families are a wild and tattered race of beings, but hardy and good natured. One peculiarity of a muskratting village is the large number of children that belong to each cabin.

Another feature of the community is a species of razor back hog that swells the population with its presence. This nondescript member of the porcine family has an important mission to perform in these settlements, and he performs it with a will. It is the making away with the hundreds of surplus muskrat carcasses that accumulate, although the flesh of the muskrat forms an important article of food with the trapper and his family. As for that, however, eaters of muskrat meat are not confined to the trapping villages of Fishing bay, for it is considered a great delicacy by many an epicure in that land of terrapin and canvas backs.

A remarkable thing about the razor back hogs of the muskrat region is that, though they devour untold pounds of muskrat meat every day, they never show the richness of their keeping by adding a single pound of flesh to their carnivorous bodies.

The muskrat builds its house so that, while it has a couple of stories high and dry on the ground, the entrance to it is always under water. This entrance is a long tunnel running from a point a foot or more below the water at low tide line to the ground floor of the house, which is always flooded. The muskrat's reason for having this subterranean entrance to his dwelling place is that thereby he has an exit or an entrance in time of danger that will not betray him to his enemies, either in his flight from home or in seeking refuge within its walls. But his instinct does not warn him against the trap his most cunning and persistent enemy places at this hidden entrance to his house, changing it from a way to safety into an avenue of certain death. This trap is a wooden box, three feet long and six inches in width and depth.

In each end is a wire door, hung on hinges at the top. These doors rise at the slightest push on the outside, but will not open from the inside. The trap is sunk in the water to the mouth of the muskrat's tunnel and anchored there, and whether the muskrat is going out of his house or returning to it he is sure to walk into the trap. If he had time the captive rodent could gnaw his way out of the box, but before he can free himself he will drown. A whole family of muskrats may be taken in a single night in one of these traps, and, as every trapper has out as many traps as he can attend to, the rat harvest which they reap every night is a rich one.

There are other ways by which the muskrat is pursued. In the daytime the hunters steal over the marshes and jab long handled spears with sharp, barbed tines down through the roofs of the muskrat houses. Sometimes a spear will impale half a dozen rats as they lie cuddled together in their cozy nests. Hunters with guns skirt the marshes at night looking for muskrats with the aid of jack lamps, but that method of hunting is followed more to indulge the sporting inclination of the hunter than to reap profit. Times of extraordinary tides on the marshes are times always welcomed by the muskratter, for the rats are then forced from their houses, in spite of the infallible instinct they are alleged to possess in foreseeing such calamitous happenings, and guarding against them by building their houses higher. They are compelled to flee to the open country and seek places of safety, which they rarely find, for the trappers and hunters have no difficulty in locating them, and so they are given over to a wholesale slaughter.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Parade of the Royal Botanic Society.

The second parade of the Royal Botanic society in Regent park was a brilliant success. All kinds of vehicles wreathed in flowers formed a charming procession. The most original and striking device of the day was a dog cart draped in white, shaded by a huge umbrella, which gave the effect of an elephant's howdah as it appeared in the distance of the grounds. Near at hand this chariot was seen to be entwined with plaited straw and white marguerites.—Chicago Herald.

Hard to Please.

Clara—I don't like Charlie Featherbrayne.

Ethel—Why not?

Clara—He's too extravagant.

Ethel—Then I suppose you like Jack Harding. He's a regular miser.

Clara—No, I don't. He's not rich enough to be extravagant.—Munsey's Weekly.

Green is the color of the Irish Roman Catholics, while opposed to it is the orange of the Orangemen or Protestants of the north of Ireland.

Ducks fly at an average rate of ninety miles per hour. With a fair wind it is believed that they can make 150 miles in the same time.

The Dungeness Beacon.

An Independent Newspaper.

G. K. ESTES ..... Editor and Publisher
JOE M. BALLINGER ..... Local Editor

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1892.

W. R. HOOLE is in favor of dividing the county. Are you?

ARE you not tired of the Hoole, Burlingame gang of strikers? If so, vote for a decent man for the legislature.

HOOLE is trading for People's Party votes wherever he can. Mr. Seevers is a splendid fellow and we feel sorry for him.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LAUGHTON will be a candidate for speaker of the house and he can count upon Hoole's vote, if elected. Birds of a feather, etc.

THE county auditor's office cost the people from Jan. 12, 1891, to Oct. 12, 1892, $8,210.25. Rather a liberal amount, is it not, for a county with only 4,243 people?

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR LAUGHTON expects to be elected to the legislature from Okanogan county and Hoole hopes to from this. What a fine pair to draw to!

BEWARE of trading propositions. The gang have a big stock of candidates on hand to trade for Hoole votes. That is, they will be long on promises and short on performances.

SEE that your ballot has no sticker with Hoole's or any other name on it, as under the present circumstances and the law, the ballot will be thrown out. Look out for election tricks.

WHEN Hoole lived in Kansas he was a paid lobbyist to work special bills through the legislature. He knows the advantages of being a member when a United States senator is to be elected.

Do you favor the division of the county at this time so that the western half will have to assume only $27,044 of the total debt of the county, after a greater part of the money has been expended on their roads?

Mr. Hoole does!

THE ordinary running expenses of the county for the twenty-one months ending Oct. 12, 1892, amounted to $51,270.26. For the entire period of twenty-four months under the former administration it amounted to less than $16,000. Something's sprung a leak.

THE net debt of the county on Jan. 17, 1891, was $10,028.62. On August 11, 1892, —nineteen months under the present administration—the net debt was $162,265.62. And there was collected and paid into the county and road funds the sum of $38,392.91 in addition. Comments unnecessary.

I am
a
poor man
a
laboring man
a
farmer. (! ! !)
[Extract from Hoole's letter.]

Now as we near the close of the campaign it is with confidence that we predict that C. E. Mallette will be elected representative by the largest majority given any man in the field. The people have learned that he is honest, true to his word and above trickery of whatever nature. All his interests are in Clallam county and he will work for the best interests of the county. If you want a good square man in the legislature that you can depend upon vote for Mr. Mallette.

WHEN Hoole pulls the strings Howells dances and squeaks. One of the squeaks last week was to the effect that Thomas Maloney was the present owner of the BEACON and that it was purchased with the funds of the Democratic State Central committee. As the BEACON is working for the election of only one man on the Democratic National, State and county tickets it is not necessary to refute that silly lie, but will say that Mr. Maloney has not a dollar's interest in the BEACON.

THE word has gone out from the ring leaders to trade for Hoole votes wherever a trade can be made. If necessary they will trade any two candidates for one vote for Hoole. With the power of the ring broken and Hoole deposed from office they know they can never again bleed the county for $182,689.35 in the short space of nineteen months. As one of the gang expressed it, "We have got to elect Hoole, for if we don't we have nothing to stay here for," and they don't want to leave as long as they can get anything out of the taxpayers.

W. R. HOOLE has very materially aided in saddling a debt of over $160,000 on the county and now asks the people to promote him to a higher position as a reward for his able and successful efforts to place his family, kith and kin on the road to fortune. Perhaps the voters of the county will accede to the wishes of Mr. Hoole, but we doubt it.

SOME of the candidates on the Republican ticket refused to pay any money into the hands of the campaign managers because they felt confident that every cent of it would be used for the election of Hoole and perhaps to better enable Hoole to trade them off. A great game is being played and the people of the State will pay for it if Hoole is elected.

WHY is it that Mr. Hoole, the acting county auditor, will not give a statement of the financial condition of the county when requested to do so? G. T. Fay, examiner of the Puget Sound Bond & Trust Company, of Seattle, offered to pay him for a statement but Mr. Hoole refused to give it. A number of Port Angeles moneyed men have been refused also. What is he afraid of?

A KIND word costs but little, but it may bless all day the one to whom it is spoken. Nay, have not kind words been to you which have lived in your heart through years, and borne fruit of joy and hope? Let us speak kindly to one another. We have burdens and worries, but let us not, therefore, rasp and irritate those near us, those we love. Speak kindly to all in the morning; it lightens the cares of the day, and makes the household and all its affairs move along smoothly. Speak kindly at night, for it may be before dawn some loved one may finish his or her space of life for this world, and it will be too late to ask forgiveness.

HOOLE promised the people of the west end so many things that he thought he would have a solid vote from that part of the county, but he made one promise too many when he pledged them his word of honor that he would not sign a single warrant for Mr. Burlingame in payment for his road building until the public had passed upon and approved the road, and then on Oct. 6, 1892—only four days later, drew Road Bond Fund Warrant No. 415 for $4,819.50 in favor of E. C. Burlingame. We acknowledge that Burlingame had the pinch on Hoole so that he could not resist the demands of his master (some say partner) without being eternally lost, politically, but Mr. Hoole should not have made the promises—it was not policy for him just then. Burlingame has got his money and pulled up his traps and left the county and perhaps Hoole is free from his clutch; free to make the same kind of deals with somebody else—we say perhaps—don't know that he is free, even yet. But at any event he has lost the vote of Clallam Bay. Poor Hoole!

TO-DAY, MY FRIEND, TO-DAY.

Some sweet-souled poet writes the following pleasant lines, which we reproduce for the apt and graceful fitness:

"If fortune with a smiling face
Strew flowers in our way
When shall we stoop to pick them up?
To-day, my friend, to-day."

Certainly these are pleasant words, set to soul-inspiring rhyme. And they come to kind-hearted, loving spirits, with a sense of sweet and quiet joy, which causes one to rejoice that he need not wait for some other day to perform virtuous deeds and respond to harmless joys; and this is wise and considerate, too. For the minutes will not stay, and time will not stop for delay. The time for good deeds and the gentle display of pleasing sentiment is now—at once, and in this presence. Wait not for to-morrow. It may never come. But with the poet's line, begin To-day, my friend, to-day.

DO YOU KNOW?

Do you know that the people of the west end expect to have Clallam county divided at the next session of the legislature if W. R. Hoole is elected representative from this county?

Mr. Hoole has promised them that if elected he would bend every effort to accomplish that result.

Mr. Hoole has promised the people of Beaver that he would see that the county seat was located at that place.

His homestead and all his interests are there.

Mr. Hoole has promised the people of Clallam Bay that he would do what he could to have the county seat of the new county located at that place. We do not think they are so foolish as to depend upon that promise, knowing as they do of his interests at Beaver.

He has been instrumental in loading the county down with a debt above the limit allowed by law—got nearly all he can hope to out of this county and now wants to escape the heavy taxation his administration has rendered necessary and hopes to have another chance to bleed a new county.

The new county of "Beaver" would have to assume about one-sixth of the total debt of Clallam county—about $27,044.

A large part of the improvements upon which county money has been expended are in that part of the county.

How do the tax-payers of Dungeness like the idea of having their county divided and five-sixths of the county debt of $62,265.62 thrown upon their half?

How do the people of Port Angeles like it?

Mr. Hoole has made many promises in the last three months; some that he didn't intend to keep when he made them; some that he intended to keep but couldn't—when Burlingame told him to do otherwise—and some that he will carry out if elected to the legislature, and this is one of them.

YOU ARE TO BLAME.

The American people to-day are complaining of vicious legislation, national as well as state. Everyone admits that there is something wrong; that there are evils to be righted—evils that have grown up because of legislative corruption, and condemn the legislature—as perhaps they have reason to—but they do not stop to think that they themselves are to blame for it all because they were ever ready to take a man's promises and give him a vote in return. This is particularly true of the people of the newer states. If a man is sharp and shrewd and promises to secure favors for one part of the county or for a certain class of individuals, the electors will vote for him without asking if the candidate is what he should be, or as is sometimes the case, vote for him even though they know him to be a rascal. Have they a right to complain when, for the promise of a temporary individual benefit, they will run the risk of having incalculable and lasting damage done to the entire people of a state at the hands of a few unprincipled legislators?

We think not.

It is the duty of every good citizen to cast his ballot not only for good men but where it will do the most good. The people must learn that if they are to have laws passed for the good of the people and not for the benefit of corporations and certain individuals who grow fat upon the misfortunes of others they must elect men who will prove true to the people. Do not let party prejudices overcome your better convictions; do not be bribed by specious promises that your judgment tells you will not be fulfilled. Be men and vote like men for the candidate in whose integrity you have confidence.

MONOPOLIES AND COMBINES.

Monopolies and combines are of ancient origin, and were then as now for the sole purpose of depressing prices on one hand and raising them on the other—to swell the exchequer of the rich and to impoverish and oppress the toiling millions. When Charles I. resorted to and fostered monopolies to replenish his treasury, the exactions and cunning methods resorted to became so oppressive that Colepepper said in the "long parliament": "They sup in our cup, they dip in our dish, they sit by our fire, we find them in the dye fat, the wash bowl, powdering tub; they share with the cutter in his box."

This is not an overdrawn picture of the combines and trusts that confront the people of every state of the Union to-day. The state of Washington groans under the exactions of the Northern Pacific and California has been oppressed by the Southern Pacific until the business men declare they must have an independent line to the East and are preparing to build one; the Reading combine of Pennsylvania, this week's dispatches tell us, has secured control of the Boston & Maine and the New York & New England railroads so that it can dictate the prices of coal to New England as it has to the Middle states; the tariff on refined sugar enables the sugar trust to charge you two cents a pound more for sugar than you would otherwise have to pay; the match trust fixes the price of matches; the beef combine owns the butcher shops in the larger cities, the slaughtering plants and the cars that move the meat. There are hundreds of other trusts that control the prices of what we eat and wear.

The English money power has crossed the ocean like the Russian epidemic. It has laid its hands on the railroads, the elevators, the ships, the manufactories, the breweries, mills, farm mortgages, and dictates to the managers here the prices to pay or charge.

This power has raised its "sable banner" over the agricultural and mining industries of the country. "All parts of one stupendous whole" feel it alike. The combine or monopoly is a modern Alexander, with uncontrolable power to ravage the country and conquer the industrial world. An anaconda with distended jaws rears its hideous form in London, New York, Chicago—wherever a dollar is to be placed, a bushel of grain bought or sold; it bribes legislators, subsidizes the press, defies the mandates of the court, destroys half the money of the realm, buys elections in "blocks of five." Its trail is marked by broken fortunes of farmers and business men everywhere in the land. So powerful is it as to awe in silence presidents and cabinets, senate and house, through the machinery of committees and the caucus. All minor trades with small capital stand trembling in its imperious presence. It is becoming daily more defiant, dictatorial and mercenary—a power whose characteristics are so marked with avarice, greed and commercial tyranny as to be unfit to exist among a free people.

It has been able to gain this power by the demonetization of silver in the leading countries of the world, thereby doubling our debts by diminishing the power to pay to that extent and stifling all industries except those that the combined banking associations and other moneyed organizations control. The surest step toward a change for the better for industries of all kinds in our land and that which promises to be brought about the quickest is the free coinage of silver. It is the only measure that the West and South are united upon and demand as with one voice. When once it has become a law the question is settled. It will not come up every two years to unsettle trade, as the tariff. The free coinage bill passed the senate and was laid aside by the house at the last session of congress by a majority of only eighteen. If the present campaign results in the election of a majority of men known to be enemies of that measure the present members of congress will be likely to declare that they are not bound to carry out their pledges to pass such a measure.

HERE'S A HOWDY DO!

Monstrous and Startling Proceedings of a Local Cabal of Five-Cent Gang Operators and Self-Made Bosses and Bungling Boodlers.

If the Republicans of Clallam county are not already fully apprised, they are becoming gradually aware of the fact that there is an interesting, not to say critical, state of affairs now on in the party councils of the county seat. To tell a long story in a few words, the party is being rushed headlong to ruin by a small but closely allied gang of incompetent but daring and audacious manipulators who ever set out to control the machinery at whatever cost and get away with the swag. * * * * * * * *

To begin at the beginning, there is in and about the court house in Angeles a corrupt and venal ring of small and unscrupulous though marvelously ambitious pot-house politicians, who, not content with already having endangered party success by their reckless and improvident management, are attempting to capture the machinery of the present campaign for purposes of their own. * * * *

The nucleus of this highbinders outfit is, as everybody knows, in the auditor's office, where a brace of as cold-blooded and unscrupulous boodlers as ever looted a public treasury are ensconced by virtue of the party's mistake two years ago. The remarkable official career of these party misfortunes during the first six months of their incumbence is already familiar to Times readers. Since last we had occasion to pay our respects to them, these Iscariots, who have looted everybody, friend and foe, for their own financial aggrandizement, have gone on piling up a record which is furnishing barrels of valuable ammunition for the Democratic campaign, and will damn the whole Republican party locally if it attempts to carry them. * * * *

The people have no faith or confidence in this crowd. It has betrayed their interests, looted the treasury and all but ruined the county's financial credit. Its members have proven themselves traitors to the party that put them in power, and have proved recreant to every trust imposed in them. Notwithstanding all this they now come up smiling asking for a new lease of life.—Port Angeles Times, February 13, 1892.

My
sympathies
are with
those
of my own class.
[Extract from Hoole's letter.]

JNO. C. MURPHY.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

R. C. WILSON.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

DR. E. GEORGE.
DENTIST.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office over Hall's Drug Store.

BENTON EMBREE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office in Opera House Block.

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Office in Drug Store.

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Practice in all courts of the State.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE
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Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour and Feed, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hardware and Machinery, of all kinds.

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CHAMPION MOWERS & REAPERS
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All Kinds of Hay Tools.

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DON'T FORGET THE
DUNGENESS MILL COMPANY
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Lumber,

As We Keep on Hand a Complete Stock of

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Rustic, Flooring, Casing, Window Jambs, Door Jambs, Window Stops, Mouldings and Ceiling, either single or double beaded, Edge Grain Flooring a Specialty.

No extra charge for plowing and rabbeting jambs. Office at the Mill.

Dungeness, - - - - - Wash

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The latest fashion in Christmas presents, is a year's subscription to a Magazine. Our offer enables you to be in the swim, but we give you fair warning, that your order will have to reach us early to avoid disappointments, as the hurry season will soon commence with publishers. Why not send your order now—and be done with it. Address all orders to

THE BEACON, Dungeness, Wash.

The Dungeness Beacon.

DUNGENESS EXPORTS.

The exports of Dungeness are as follows:

	Sacks Wheat	Sacks Potatoes	Sacks Oats	Tons Hay
Shipped to date	2319	3747	1190	138
For week end'g Nov. 3, 1892....	92	742	92	44

Miscellaneous exports to date are as follows: *Hogs*, 137; Sheep, 5; Butter, 144 boxes; Veal, 39; Beeves, 8; Chickens, 8 boxes; Fruit, 805 boxes; Vegetables, 8 boxes.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Election next Tuesday.

Subscribe for the BEACON.

Go to Holden's for fresh Peanuts.

Work was begun on the new church last Monday.

Joe McKissick and wife visited Angeles last Saturday.

Mr. Jas. A. Smith, of Sequim, was in town Saturday.

S. G. Morse, of Port Angeles, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Church went to Angeles Tuesday.

Mr. Jas. Garrison returned from a visit to Angeles Tuesday.

L. Rockman, of Angeles, is agent for the celebrated "Sour Mash" cigar.

Mr. Donald McInnes, of Sequim, was in Dungeness Tuesday.

Purser Guy, of the Garland, spent a few hours here Sunday.

Mr. Wm. Bishop Jr., of Port Hadlock, was in Dungeness Sunday.

Jack Reay attended the dance at Angeles last Saturday night.

M. J. Clump, of Dungeness, was in Angeles several days this week.

Mr. W. E. Van Allen, of Gettysburg, was in Dungeness a few days this week.

Dick Blake furnished the music at the big dance in Angeles last Saturday night.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper in private family. Address: Housekeeper, Box 244, Port Angeles.

Mr. Elliott, who bought the Hall place is making numerous improvements on the property.

Mr. Sam Bugge, of Port Williams, attended the hard times dance here last Friday night.

Supt. Dorsey attended the republican meeting in the Colony hall here last Tuesday night.

Eight old soldiers from Michigan arrived at Angeles last week in company with Major Harding.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. has a a large stock of dry goods enroute, that will arrive in about a week.

Dr. A. B. Lull, of Port Angeles, was in Dungeness Tuesday, called here to perform a critical surgical operation.

The new brick hotel of Elias Cays' is progressing rapidly and gives quite a metropolitan appearance to the street.

Mr. J. M. Grant, of Port Angeles, candidate for clerk on the Peoples Party ticket, was in Dungeness last Thursday.

Mr. Chas. E. Mallette, of Port Angeles, was in Dungeness Wednesday. He will return to attend the democratic meeting here to-night.

Two brood mares to trade.
Good shingles, $1.50 per 1000.
H. J. LIPSETT.

Miss Annie Dick and Miss Elsie Clark, who have been visiting in Angeles for the past two weeks, returned to Dungeness on the Garland Tuesday morning.

Messrs. E. E. Seevers and Wm. Hutton, Peoples Party candidates for representative and sheriff respectively, were in our city Tuesday. This office acknowledges a call.

Several Peoples Party speakers held meetings at Sequim, Rena, Lost Mountain and Blynn last week. Messrs. Seevers, Hutton and Grant were among the number.

The Monticello made her appearance in these waters last Sunday after having been laid up nearly two months. She has a new boiler and has been improved in various ways.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. is headquarters for produce. If you have anything to sell let us know. We pay the highest market prices.

Messrs. L. M. Lane, Jno. W. Troy and W. K. Clark, of Port Angeles, came in on the Garland Tuesday morning. They took a carriage and left for Blynn, where they held a meeting at 3 p. m.

The republicans held a meeting in the Colony hall last Tuesday evening. Addresses were made by Benton Embree and Geo. C. Hatch, of Port Angeles. Short speeches were made by S. G. Morse and A. B. Dorsey.

The democrats hold a meeting in the Colony hall here to-night. Several candidates for county offices will address the people. Efforts will be made to have either James Hamilton Lewis or Mayor Ronald, of Seattle, present.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. has for sale one young mare, cart and harness. Will sell on time with approved security or will trade for produce.

Mr. Frank Chambers, of Port Angeles, independent candidate for county commissioner in the middle district, was in Dungeness Wednesday. Mr. Chambers is an old resident of Clallam county, owns a large amount of property, is a very popular man, and has a good chance of election.

As we go to press we learn that H. J. Snively, democratic nominee for governor, will speak in Dungeness next Monday, at 1 o'clock p. m.

Dr. F. G. Albin, the Seattle dentist, will arrive in Dungeness on Wednesday, the 9th inst., and will remain here a week. Anyone wishing his services will find him at the City Hotel.

Major Harding, republican candidate for county treasurer, was in Dungeness early this week. The Major has just returned from Saginaw, Mich., whither he was sent to work up the old soldiers colony which leaves there for Port Angeles on the 10th of this month. About two hundred heads of families are expected with this colony.

Mrs. Baird is in the city of Dungeness for a short time with a fine stock of millinery, all the latest styles just from Chicago, at reduced prices. Ladies will do well to call and judge for themselves. Headquarters at City Hotel.

Halloween Social.

The Halloween social given at the Colony hall last Monday night was well attended and a splendid time was had. The evening was devoted to music and Halloween games. Some exciting contests were held which furnished much amusement. In the apple eating contest Mrs. Al Wilde and Mr. Wm. Ward captured the prizes, and in the doughnut match Mrs. Wilde and Geo. Davis were the victors. A nice supper was served by the Ladies' Aid Society, which all enjoyed. The proceeds of the social amounted to about $18, and will be used for church purposes.

Halloween at Sequim.

A Halloween party was given at the residence of Mr. John Brown at Sequim last Monday evening, which was attended by a merry little crowd of young folks. The evening was spent in playing games and dancing and all present had an elegant time. A fine supper was spread at midnight which all the guests done full justice to, and the lavish supply of good things made our timid reporter's eyes bulge out and caused him to wipe the fog off his spectacles. Some vocal selections were rendered after supper, and at about two o'clock the guests departed for their homes.

These present were Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, Misses Maggie and Aggie Brown, Ida Sindars, Elsie Ware, Maud Grant, Etta Priest, Mamie Rogers; Messrs. A. B. Dorsey, L. Ninneman, Herman and Otto Sindars, Frank and Bert Smith, Pete Govan, Allie Evans, Bobby and Jimmy Brown and Joe M. Ballinger.

Saturday Night at Angeles.

Arrangements for a grand non-partisan ball to be held in the opera house at Angeles have been in the hands of committees there for several weeks, and last Saturday night the affair was held. The curious part of the entertainment was the fact that the different committees were composed of the candidates for office on the various county tickets, and it was intended to have as many of the candidates present as possible.

Several Dungeness people went down in the morning to attend the dance and in the afternoon a party was made up to go in Lipsett's big wagon. The party started about five o'clock and arrived at the opera house just after the grand march was over. The people of Angeles welcomed the Dungeness visitors cordially and from the stage Mr. Louis Williams made a speech of welcome, extending the thanks of the assemblage for their attendance. The party was composed of Misses Nellie Rollins, Bessie Miner, Florence Mann, Bissie Cays, Elsie Ware, Gracie Dick; Mrs. H. J. Lipsett; Messrs. H. J. Lipsett Jr., R. A. Davis, Geo. Rollins, Harry Holden, Geo. Davis, Allie Evans, Mark Miner, A. B. Dorsey and Joe M. Ballinger. Messrs. Thomas Malony, Wm. Harlow and another gentleman accompanied the party but did not return.

The Hard Times Dance.

A motley throng assembled in the Transfer Hall last Friday night and mirth and music filled the air. In compliance with the request most of the participants entered into the spirit of the occasion and came attired in realistic "hard times" costumes, and a more picturesque looking outfit could hardly be imagined. Some of the boys looked very much like those erratic gentlemen of leisure who travel in box and cattle cars or on the brake beam (when not interfered with), and the spectators were expecting to see some of the "rigs" collapse, but were disappointed.

A number of good costumes were worn, but through some mistake no prizes were awarded, as had been announced they would be. Miss Nellie Rollins had the best ladies' costume, in the opinion of many, while others thought Mrs. Wilde or Mrs. Lewis Cays were entitled to that honor. It would be a hard matter to pick the best gentleman's costume. Mr. A. B. Dorsey probably looked the most comical with his "high water pants," his enormous watch chain and spectacles, and his dizzy plug hat, that sometime in its eventful career had evidently come in violent contact with a brick house. Lou Thompson and Charley Slack had hard looking outfits. Each looked like the other, only more so.

Supper was spread at the usual hour at the Cays hotel, and after a good evening's enjoyment the dancers dispersed.

New stock of Candy, Cigars and Tobacco just received at Holden's. 4tf

Regular Church Services.

Services every Sunday at the M. E. church, Rev. Geo. Kindred, pastor, as follows: Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 12:15 p. m. Prayer service every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

When You Visit Port Angeles

Drop in at the Missouri Oak and spend your leisure time. Dungeness people are always welcomed by the genial proprietor, "Dave" Crockett, who keeps on hand the finest wines, liquors and cigars it is possible to obtain. tf

BEES FOR SALE.
On receipt of $5.00 will ship to any address in good order a colony in good condition. 100 per cent. profit in the business if properly handled.
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Millinery —and— Fancy Goods.
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DUNGENESS BRICK YARD
WILDER & CAYS, Proprietors.
Sand Brick a Specialty.
Leave orders at Transfer Barn.
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Mona's Saloon.
Fresh Bay View Beer always on tap.
Pool and Billiard Room in connection.
T. MONA, Proprietor. A. MONA, Manager.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

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—DEALER IN—
Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware and Tinware.
Thompson's Bldg. DUNGENESS.

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The Leading Merchant Tailor of Angeles.
FIRST-CLASS WORK. PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
Port Angeles, - - Wash.

"THE OLD CROW."
This popular resort, of Port Angeles is to be recommended to our Dungeness people. Beverages and lunches are always served with politeness by the congenial host, Mr S. D. Maxwell, well known to our public. A first-class lodging house is in connection with the place.

HART, NICHOLLS & McKENNEY.
Contractors and Builders.
Plans and Specifications furnished and Estimates given.
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—AGENT FOR—
Phœnix Assurance Co.
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DUNGENESS, WASH.

CAYS' HOTEL.
Board and lodging by day and week. Terms reasonable.
ELIAS CAYS, Prop.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

HALL DRUG CO.
Wholesale and Retail
DRUGGISTS.
Special attention given to Mail Orders.
Port Angeles, Wash.

E. H. McALMOND,
Groceries —and— Provisions
Buy and Sell Farm Produce on Commission.
DUNGENESS, WASH.

-THE-
Pt. Angeles Steam Laundry
—EMPLOYS ONLY—
WHITE LABOR
—AND—
Will Do Your Work at Reasonable Rates.
WARNER & CO., Proprietors.

—THE—
New York Clothing House
We carry a fine stock of
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishings, Umbrellas, Rubber Goods, etc., etc.
—o—
Don't Forget the Place.
Cor. Laurel and Front Streets. Port Angeles.

Notice.

IN THE Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington,

In the matter of the estate of IVORY F. MERCHANT, Deceased. } Notice of final settlement and of hearing of petition for distribution.

Notice is hereby given that Martha E. Merchant, administratrix of the estate of Ivory F. Merchant, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington, her final account as such administratrix, and her petition for the distribution of said estate, and that

Monday, the 7th day of November, A. D. 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court room of our said Superior Court, in the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court for the settlement of the said final account, and for the hearing of said petition for distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same, and oppose said petition for distribution.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior court this 1st day of August, 1892.

{SEAL.} WILLIAM K. CLARK, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

R. C. Wilson, attorney for Administratrix.
Date first publication, Oct. 7, 1892. 16-5t

Dungeness, Port Angeles and Neah Bay Route.
THE FAST AND RELIABLE STEAMER
GARLAND
Leaves Tyler Street Dock, Pt. Townsend,
—FOR—
Dungeness, Pt. Angeles and Neah Bay
AND way ports, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 a. m., arriving at Dungeness at 11 a. m. Returning on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday arrives at Port Townsend at 9:30 a. m. Calling both ways at Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Crescent, Pysht, Gettysburg and Clallam Bay. Leaves Port Townsend for Dungeness and Port Angeles every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday at 11 a. m. Returning same day, leaves Port Angeles at 4 p. m. For passage or freight apply on board.

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PURE BRED STOCK
Cottswold and Shropshire Rams. Also Pure Bred Ewe Lambs and Stock Sheep.
SWEENY BROS.
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THE ALICE HOUSE.
M. V. ALBRIGHT, Prop.
—o—
Neatly Furnished Rooms at from 25 to 50 Cents per night.
—Front St, Between Oak and Cherry—
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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Capital - - - - - - - $50,000
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The Only National Bank in Clallam County.
Transacts a general banking business. Accounts of farmers, stockmen, merchants and others solicited. Fire-proof vault for use of customers.
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

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OF PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.
Capital and Surplus - - - $100,000
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Cigars and Tobaccos.
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CHINESE LAUNDRY
Washing done at reasonable rates and in the best manner.
Laundry in tent near the Island.

BED ROCK AT LAST!!
Now for an upward move in prices of Port Angeles Real Estate.
—o—
The Puget Sound Co-operative Colony offer at low prices and on easy payments 40 lots in the N. R. Smith; 46 in its own Subdivision, and 100 lots in Edgewood.
Office in Colony Block.
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DUNGENESS LAND EXCHANGE.
Parties wishing a Good Home and an Easy Living Should Come
—TO—
DUNGENESS.
Land that will raise such crops to the acre as Potatoes. 500 bus.; Wheat, 100 bus.; Oats, 115 bus.; is yet to be had.
FOR SALE:
65 acres land near Dungeness River, Reasonable terms, good house, well, barn, orchard, &c.
Here is where the immigration to Clallam county should look to for a profitable farm on a few acres.
Land in all parts of the county for sale.
An improved ranch of 160 acres between Port Angeles and Port Crescent can be bought cheap.
Improvements on 160 acres near Lost Mountain road, and many other bargains.
Parties wanting to sell any land will profit by listing it with me, as letters are received every day or so from Eastern people wanting to move here to live.
All communications promptly answered.
Notary Public. Agent Northwest Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
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Port Angeles Traffic and Transfer Company.
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
STABLE ON MORSE'S WHARF.
General Teaming of all Descriptions.
Agents for Studebaker Wagons. PORT ANGELES.

J. M. MAGGART,
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New and Second Hand Goods of All Kinds.
FURNITURE A SPECIALTY.
Only Second Hand Store in Clallam County.
Agent for Sewing Machines and School Furniture.
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R. A. DAVIS,
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Dry Goods and Groceries, Boots and Shoes,
AND A GENERAL LINE OF
MERCHANDISE,
—ALSO—
MACHINERY and a full line of FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
We hereby respectfully invite the attention of the people of Dungeness and the public generally to the prices and quality of the stock we are now showing. We are shelving new goods daily. We advocate the Cash System and hold out special inducements for Cash. Careful attention given to orders for goods not carried by us.
Call and See Us.
Dungeness, - - - Wash.

Board of Trade Saloon.
F. J. Ward, Prop.
Best assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, etc., always on hand.
Billiard Table and Private Room in Connection.
Groveland Ave. - - Dungeness

Burch's Bazaar.
—o—
Fancy Goods, Wall Paper, Fishing Tackle, Crockery, Stationery.
—o—
Dungeness people should give this establishment a call, when in Angeles.
Front Street, PORT ANGELES.

THE NEW YORK
BOOT & SHOE HOUSE
Is the only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in Clallam County.
Goods Sold at New York Prices.
—o—
New line of dancing pumps just received.
J. I. Kirschberg & Co.
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Dungeness Transfer Co.
Conveyances to and from all steamers
Freight delived and Foraming done on short notice.
Office at end of dock.

FOR SALE!
—AT—
BROOK FARM DAIRY
One pair Geldings, 4 and 5 years old, well broken.
One full blood Holstein Bull, calved July 9, 1891.
Holstein Grade Bull Calves.
Jersey Grade Bull Calves from Extra Good Holstein Grade Cows.
Also 20 young Cows.
The above will be sold cheap for Cash or Approved Notes.
HALL DAVIS.

STEAMER
Monticello
—ON—
Pt. Angeles, Pt. Townsend, Dungeness and Seattle ROUTE.
TIME CARD:
GOING WEST—Daily, Except Monday.
Leaves SEATTLE - - - - 7.00 A. M.
" PORT TOWNSEND - - 10.30 A. M.
" DUNGENESS - - - - 12.30 P. M.
Arrives PORT ANGELES - - - 2.00 P. M.
GOING EAST—Daily, Except Monday.
Leaves PORT ANGELES - - - 3.30 P. M.
" DUNGENESS - - - - 5.00 P. M.
" PORT TOWNSEND - - - 7.00 P. M.
Arrives SEATTLE - - - - 10.30 P. M.
Close connections at Seattle with the Steamer Bailey Gatzert for Tacoma and Olympia.
Meals on Board.
HATCH BROS.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Precious Statue of Dante Came Near Being Burned by Mistake.

"I must tell you," said a young woman, "how I added to the gayety of Europe when I was over. At Florence I bought, as everybody does, a bust of Dante, done in wonderfully clear and beautiful marble. It cost one dollar, but looked twenty dollars at least, and was consequently precious as a bargain, besides being interesting as a possession.

"From that time on, however, Dante was a source of great anxiety to me. I did him up in fine handkerchiefs, taking especial care of his exquisite nose, and wrapping the cloth clad bust in paper packed it always in the center of the trunk. We journeyed to Rome and Naples, back to Rome, and finally halted at Milan, passing a Sunday there. I thought this a good opportunity to overhaul my trunk, destroy letters, etc., and—unrolled Dante to see if he were all together.

"I took the paper parcel out of my trunk, and putting it one side went about the task of looking over letters and papers, gathering the litter when I was done into a single bundle, which I wrapped in paper and also put aside. Later I rang for the maid to take this away, and, as she spoke no English and I no Italian, I illustrated the burning process to which I wished it subjected by jumping on a chair and waving the parcel over the electric light, finally consigning it by signs, disdainfully, to the four winds of heaven. Evidently somewhat mystified, but docile, the maid took the parcel and withdrew. I continued my work of straightening, but was soon interrupted by a knock. It was the clerk of the hotel, who spoke English feebly.

"'How did madam wish the things to burn that the maid has?'

"'Oh, any way that you can,' I answered carelessly.

"'With spirit, perhaps?' suggested the clerk.

"'Oh, no, in a grate or stove; any way that they can be destroyed.'

"'Madam wish to quite destroy everything?' he repeated, and I noticed a curious tinge of reproach in his voice.

"'Quite; no good; burn them all up,' I replied, and he went away.

"Half an hour afterward I sat down with my precious Dante parcel to look him over. To my consternation I found he was not in it. It was the rubbish bundle I held, and Dante had been sent away to be burned.

"I did not ring this time nor wait for an Italian elevator, but rushed down to the office myself. The clerk I had just seen was not there; another one heard my story calmly.

"'It is well,' he said; 'madam may retire to her room and all shall be arranged.'

"Against this stone wall of repose my perturbation had no effect, and I retired to my room, taking my excitement with me. Ten, fifteen, twenty minutes passed; then the maid appeared, smiling elaborately, a flutter of handkerchiefs in one hand and Dante complete in the other. She gesticulated and jabbered with enthusiasm, pressing Dante to her breast, from which I gathered that it would take more than the command of a vandal American signora to make a Milanese chambermaid injure a hair of Dante's marble head. Of course the first cost of the bust had to be added to in proportion to the width of the maid's smile, but my husband laughed and said I did well to get off so easily, trying to make me believe that if in Florence, the city of Dante, I had ordered him 'quite destroyed, burned up,' I would certainly have been mobbed."—Her Point of View in New York Times.

A Pleasant Meeting.

The day after Barney Murphy was elected chairman of the Fresno convention Francis Murphy, the great revivalist, pursuing his personal canvass of Oakland, approached Councilman Brosnahan on one of the boats and began:

"I want your aid, sir, in my work. I want you to help us. Come around and see me. Get into the fight and be in earnest. I'm Mr. Murphy, you know. I"—

"Why, yes," said the councilman, his face beaming with delight. "When did you get back from the Fresno convention?"—San Francisco Examiner.

Easily Satisfied.

Countess Zeppelin during the Franco-German war brought many things to the prisoners at Rastatt.

A Turco, bald and black, and repulsive in his dirt and ugliness, passed close to the countess on one occasion.

"See, Turco," she said, offering him a long white shirt, "here is a new suit for you."

He donned it on the instant as proud as Artaban, and strutted round the wards shouting, "Me go marry now!"

His Autograph.

The teacher was trying to teach Jonas the alphabet. She pointed to the letter X. "What's that letter?"

Jonas (bashfully) – Guess don' know, marm.

Teacher—Oh, yes. Think a minute.

Jonas (brightening)—Yes, marm. Dat's daddy's name.—Drake's Magazine.

ACTING SAVES LIVES.

COUNSEL FOR MURDERERS EMPLOY THEATRICAL METHODS.

How Lawyers Who Defend Criminals Strive to Make an Impression on the Sympathies of Jurymen—Some Notable Cases Where Lawyers Succeeded.

For years it has been generally known among lawyers that all sorts of desperate and theatrical devices are constantly resorted to in order to save the lives of accused persons. But Mr. Wellman was the first prosecutor to make the charge in open court and quote an instance to fortify his allegation.

Is the practice right or wrong?

Perhaps the most moving part of Lawyer William F. Howe's elegant summing up on behalf of Annie Walden was where he besought the jurymen to consider her youth, her beauty and her helplessness.

When Francis L. Wellman, assistant district attorney, began his summing up for the prosecution, he urged the jurors not to be moved by his adversary's emotional appeals. He called Mr. Howe an actor. He said:

"If you had seen him, as I have, go behind a woman defendant and pinch her to make her scream and so arouse sympathy, you would not be so much influenced by his theatrical display."

"Whom did Mr. Howe pinch?" I asked Mr. Wellman.

"Ella Nelson," was his prompt reply. "You recall that she had shot her lover dead because he was packing his trunk and preparing to leave her. She was on trial for her life. Mr. Howe got her acquitted.

"When he had got to that part of his summing up where he called upon the jury to 'look at her,' Ella was sitting behind a table, her face toward the jury, but resting in her hands. She had been weeping for some minutes, but now she was composed.

"'Look at that face!' pleaded Mr. Howe in impassioned tones. He strode rapidly behind her. Again he cried, 'Look at that face!' and as he did so he seized Ella's soft wrists in his strong hand and wrenched her arms apart. The woman screamed with pain and terror.

"That scream was enough to freeze the blood of anybody who heard it. I cannot help thinking that it had much to do with the verdict.

"I do not say that it is wrong for counsel to employ theatrical methods in defending their clients. I think it is part of the duty of the prosecuting officer to expose this sort of thing to the jury.

"Frederick B. House was defending a man named Becker in the general sessions. Becker had a clothing store in Baxter street. He arranged a candle so that when it burned down to a certain point at midnight it would set fire to a lot of bagging soaked with kerosene, and so burn the store and earn Becker a big amount of insurance. Firemen quenched the flames and so saved the lives of seventy-six men, women and children who were sleeping in the tenements above the store.

"When Mr. House summed up he was in a quandary. Becker couldn't understand one word in English, therefore how could the poor devil weep at the proper moment? That little difficulty was solved all right. Becker rested his face in his hands and peeped through his interlaced fingers at his eloquent defender.

"'Think, gentleman,' House, 'if you send this wretched [illegible] to prison you will punish those innocent little ones.' At that instant Mr. House dropped his handkerchief.

"'Wow!' came a shriek from Becker. It began like the scream of a catamount. It died away in a long drawn wail and choking sobs. Becker's tears were like a shower. Mrs. Becker's and the little Beckers' tears were a cloudburst. Human nature couldn't stand it. Juror No. 3 was a nice old fellow, retired from business and living at home surrounded by sons and daughters and chubby grandchildren. He broke down at the second drop of Fred House's handkerchief. At the third drop of the cambric the juror's tears gushed out beyond the railing. Answering sniffles and gasps came from two other jurors.

"It seems hard to believe, but it is a matter of record that in the face of the clear evidence against Becker the jury stood three for acquittal and nine for conviction. The tears and howls and the little Beckers saved the guilty man. And in proof of his guilt let me add that Becker was released under $2,500 bail, but he ran away, although the case was soon brought up for retrial.

"Often the question of makeup tests the counsel stage manager's ability and ingenuity. There was Alphonse Stephani, the young man who deliberately murdered Lawyer Clinton G. Reynolds for not surrendering Stephani's father's estate fast enough to be squandered. The defense was insanity.

"Perhaps you recall the Stephani who came to trial. Instead of the handsome, neatly dressed rich man's son, the jury saw a wild, unkempt creature, a Caliban in ugliness. Stephani's hair had been untouched by shears or brush for months. He had not bathed or shaved. He still wore the clothes he had on when arrested. His linen was in tatters and almost black. His outer garments were greasy and crusted with accumulations of spilled food. Stephani was a good actor. Not a word did he speak to any one. With large black eyes, as deep and mournful as Edwin Booth's, he stared gloomily at nothing. Lear was a model of sanity beside him. There was more or less testimony to show that Stephani had fallen off a pony very many years ago and hurt his head, and that he had always been high tempered, like any spoiled child. No one had bothered about his alleged insanity, though, until after he had killed his father's old friend.

"'Insane,' was the jury's judgment after listening to the testimony and watching the gloomy makeup of the prisoner. They found him guilty of murder in the second degree, and he was sent to prison for life. Today he is a neat, well behaved and short haired convict.—New York Herald.

SWEET SYNONYMS FOR MOTHER.

Children of Culture Taught Love Making Instead of Veneration.

Mother, that dear, sweet, matchless name, a synonym for the tenderest, truest love man ever knows, has been eliminated from the fashionable vocabulary. In the revised edision of the gilt edged lexicon it is bracketed obsolete.

Only a few years ago war was made on the common pronunciation of the word *mam*-ma, and in spite of usage the French method was carried, that is, with the accent on the last syllable. Now mother, mam-*ma* and old fashioned "ma" have been set aside as commonplace, and various terms of endearment substituted.

One of the wealthiest ladies in New York has taught her two little sons to call her "precious." "Dear one" is the favorite address in the home of a rich and distinguished politician, and the scions of the largest estate in the country call the young mother "love of mine" and the proud father "Prince Charming." But the most common term of endearment among the children of the upper class is "sweetheart."

Coming from the little folks scarcely able to utter the sounds of the letters, it is very pretty, especially at table or in the nursery, when the small child has a grievance or a heartache. It is not, however, a convenient or callable name at the foot of the stairs when the immediate presence or audience of a gentlewoman is needed. Since the abrogation of "dearest," which had as long a run as the Fauntleroy sash-and-collar, "dearie" has enjoyed considerable popularity, but of late intrenchments have been made upon the lovers' territory and all their tender appellations appropriated.

"Sweet one," "my own," "lovely," "heart's ease," "dear heart," "queen," "darling" and "sweetness" are some of the pet names to which loving and lovable mothers respond. And after all there is something very tender and very sweet in this love making of parents and children, albeit the dignity implied by plain "mother" may appear to be lacking. It is just possible that there is too much severity in our relations with the little ones, and that a better, truer, firmer friendship might accrue from this child worship. One thing is certain, that there can be no estrangement between the real lovers of home. It is the sweet privilege of every mother to be the idol of her daughters and the sweetheart of her sons, and she has only herself to blame if the child lover tires of her and in the noonday of life forgets the glory that brightened his morning. "Mother" may do for the daughter and son that the marriage ties will bring to the roof tree, but if a sweeter, dearer name can be invented by all means let us have it to use, to hear and to love.—New York World.

Three Girls of Nerve.

Pete Walters, a passenger engineer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, had a horrifying as well as thrilling experience. He was running his train at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, and when he entered the stretch just before reaching Binghamton bridge he was horrified to see three blackberry girls on the structure. He reversed his engine and then fainted.

The fireman took charge of the throttle, and when the engine was within thirty yards of the girls one of them, with remarkable presence of mind, jumped to the side of the bridge, stretched forward flat on her face and swung herself clear of the track, hanging on to the end of the ties over the rushing waters beneath. In a moment the other girls followed her example, and just as the train swept by the last of the trio swung clear of the bridge, while, with amazement and horror plainly stamped on their countenances, the passengers and trainmen watched with anxiety the human forms swaying to and fro in midair.

As soon as the train could be stopped the passengers and crew rushed back to the scene and rescued the brave girls from their terrible plight.—Wilkesbarre Cor. Philadelphia Record.

Married After Twenty-three Years.

Twenty-three years ago Mr. Joseph Hamilton and Miss Virginia Hickman, both of Bath county, were engaged to be married, but they had a lovers' quarrel, and Mr. Hamilton left for California, where he settled in San Diego county. By hard work he became a prosperous man. About a month ago he returned to his old home near Millborough Springs, and in forty-eight hours after his arrival married Miss Hickman, who had remained faithful to her first and only love. The bride is a first cousin of the celebrated Bishop William Taylor, a native of Rockbridge, and for many years past bishop of Africa. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton will spend the next few weeks visiting relatives, and in September will leave for their California home.—Staunton (Va.) Vindicator.

Miss Barnes' Twenty-six Cameras.

Miss Katherine Weed Barnes goes into amateur photography with wholesouled enthusiasm. Miss Barnes is a niece of Thurlow Weed, and having plenty of money she does not stint herself in the number or the costly appliances of her cameras. If she wants to find out if she likes a thing she buys it and tries it. Thus it comes about that she owns twenty-six different photographic cameras and has fitted up a studio that wins exclamations of admiration and despairing envy from its visitors.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Mrs. Ambrose Crouch, of South Jackson, Mich., has been keeping tab on her family, and finds that during the year she has baked for them 2,368 cookies, 1,988 doughnuts, 217 cakes, 267 pies, 81 puddings and 793 loaves of bread. Her family is not large, either, except as to appetite.

Miss McAllister, niece of the organizer of the "400," who assumes charge of Mrs. Reed's boarding school, will draw a salary of $10,000 a year.

DUNGENESS THE BEAUTIFUL!

The Most Prosperous Place on the Sound and the Center of the

RICHEST ∴ FARMING ∴ COUNTRY

—IN—

WASHINGTON.

Located on the Straits of Juan de Fuca, Midway Between Seattle and the Pacific Ocean.

DUNGENESS

IS CELEBRATED THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE NORTHWEST FOR ITS fertile soil, producing immense crops of wheat, oats, barley, hay, potatoes and vegetables of every description.

Dairying is a very prominent industry in this region, the soil producing the finest grass in the world for this purpose, rivaling the celebrated dairying districts of England.

Fruits of all kinds suited to this climate yield in abundance.

As a resort for the pleasure-seeker and sportsman it cannot be excelled. The drives are delightful, and beautiful groves along the Dungeness river provide fine spots for picnic and camping parties. This river also furnishes unrivaled sport for the angler, while the country abounds in game, from the quail, grouse and duck in the lowlands to the deer, elk and bear found in the mountains, a few miles distant.

The new town of DUNGENESS, only a few months old, is situated on Dungeness Bay, at the mouth of the Dungeness river, having a $12,000 wharf, at which several steamers land daily, directly to and from Seattle, Port Townsend and Port Angeles. A fine new hotel provides accommodations for guests. Educational advantages are of the best; a new schoolhouse, to cost $2,500, is now in process of erection. A neat church building provides a place of worship for a flourishing congregation. Daily mails and a telegraph station furnish speedy communication with all points.

The scenery at this point is superb. Charming views on water and on land meet the eye, and furnish a paradise for the artist.

The climate of DUNGENESS is one of the most pleasant and healthful in the world.

THE GROVELAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

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—OWNERS OF THE—

Dungeness ∴ Townsite,

—OFFER YOU—

Special -:- Inducements -:- to -:- Come -:- Here

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PLANT YOUR HOME.

The lots are large, level, all cleared, and prices and terms very reasonable.
For further particulars address the President or Secretary.

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